

**Optical attenuator** is an optical component that can change the output power of laser continuously. It is consisted of a half-wave plate (or an electro-optic crystal) and a polarizer. The polarization state of incident light is modulated by the half-wave plate (or electro-optic crystal) therefore to vary the degree of attenuation. The polarizer can divide the light further into two beams at a specific ratio. Optical attenuators are ideal for the applications in precision laser processing, laser detection, laser sensing etc., especially in ultra-fast and ultra-short pulse laser systems.

CASTECH provides two types of attenuators according to different modulating principles: mechanical and electro-optical type.

**Mechanical attenuator** modifies the polarization state of light by rotating the half-wave plate. It is characterized by compact structure and adaptability.

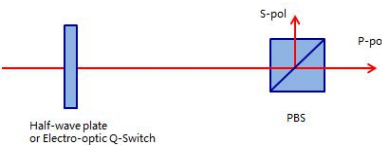
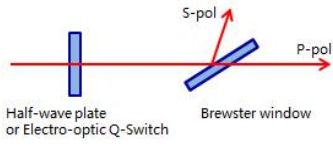
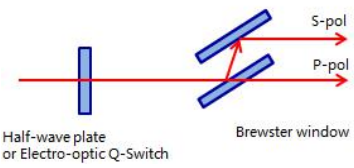
**Electro-optical attenuator** can be used as a high-speed optical switch which can accomplish a modulation in nanoseconds.

CASTECH's optical attenuator has two control schemes, electric and manual. Attenuator can be equipped with PBS, Brewster window, or removable optical trap as optional accessories.



## Applications

- Laser industrial processing
- Laser sensing system
- Ultrafast laser system

Diagram of Optical Path	Polarizer Type	Advantage	Disadvantage
 Half-wave plate or Electro-optic Q-Switch PBS	PBS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• High extinction ratio</li><li>• P-light and S-light are perpendicular to each other</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Limited aperture</li><li>• Relatively low laser damage threshold</li></ul>
 Half-wave plate or Electro-optic Q-Switch Brewster window	Single Brewster window	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Relatively high LIDT</li><li>• Large aperture</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• P-light and S-light have a certain angle between</li><li>• Strict angle limit</li></ul>
 Half-wave plate or Electro-optic Q-Switch Brewster window	Double Brewster windows	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Relatively high LIDT</li><li>• Large aperture</li><li>• P-light and S-light are perpendicular to each other</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Strict angle limit</li></ul>

# Optical Attenuators

**Mechanical Attenuators Model Number: COA-Oc-b-a-p-λ-h**

Control mode(c)	Polarizer(b)	Aperture(a)	Power(p)	Wavelength(λ)	Housing (h)
A (automatic) M (manual)	B (Brewster window) P (PBS)	5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 20 mm 40 mm ...	100 (≤100 W) 200 (≤200 W) 1000* (≤1000 W)	266 nm 355 nm 515 nm 532 nm 800 nm 1030 nm 1064 nm 1550 nm ...	P01 P02 ...

**Electro-Optical Attenuators Model Number: COA-Ec-b-a-p-λ-h**

Control mode(c)	Polarizer(b)	Aperture(a)	Power(p)	Wavelength(λ)	Housing (h)
A (automatic)	B (Brewster window) P (PBS)	5 mm 10 mm 12 mm 20 mm ...	100 (≤100 W) 200 (≤200 W)	266 nm 355 nm 515 nm 532 nm 800 nm 1030 nm 1064 nm 1550 nm ...	P04 ...

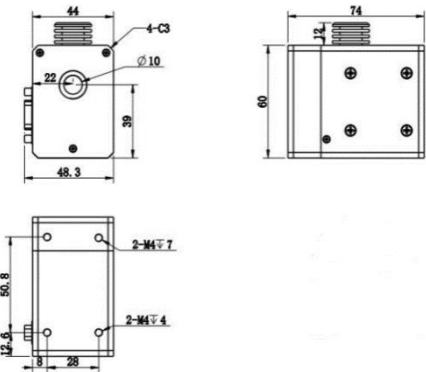
\*Only suitable for Brewster window polarizer type products

## Typical Specifications

Type	Aperture	LIDT	Wavelength	Response time
Mechanical	20 mm	10 J/cm² 10 ns,10 Hz	1064 nm	ms
Electro-optical	10 mm	3 J/cm² 10 ns,10 Hz	532 nm	ns

## Housing dimensions(mm):

**P02**



**P04**

